

[THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1767.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

THE



JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years last past, Publisher of the *New-York Thursday's Gazette*, or *Weekly Post-Boy*.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, published August 13, 1767.
Flour at 20/6 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the finest Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 9 oz. for 4 Coppers.—Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 2 oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

	D's Age.	High- Water.	Rises after 7	sets before 5	sets at 7 o'clock
THURSDAY	21	3 38	7	5	5
FRIDAY	22	3 36	7	5	5
SATURDAY	23	4 14	7	5	5
SUNDAY	24	5 2	7	5	5
MONDAY	25	5 50	7	5	5
TUESDAY	26	6 38	7	5	5
WEDNESDAY	27	7 26	7	5	5

Days 10 h. 0 m. long, the 11th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	75. od.	Beef per Barrel	435. od.
Flour	205. od.	Pork	805. od.
Brown Bread	185. od.	Salt	35. od.
Well-India Rum	45. od.	Bohea Tea	45. 9d.
New-England ditto	25. 6d.	Chocol. per doz.	£. 7 05. od.
Muscovado Sugar	505. 0d.	Bees Wax	15. 7d.
Single refined ditto	15. 1d.	Nut Wood	365. od.
Molasses	25. od.	Oak ditto	225. od.

Just published and to be sold by the Printer hereof,
FREEMAN'S New-York Royal

Sheet Almanack, The New-York Pocket Almanack English and Dutch Almanacks may be had at the same Place.—To the English Almanack is added,—*Kalendar of the Sabbath, Months, and other Holy-days, which the Jews observe and keep*

WHEREAS on the first Instant October, Weert C. Banta, a young Man of this City, Carpenter, advertised his Wife ELIZABETH for Elopement:—And whereas most People from the Similarity of the Names, taking me to be the Person as I am noted through the whole City, my Name is Weert H. Banta, Carpenter, living in Batts-Street; therefore I desire the Public to take Notice of the Names, as the one is Weert C. Banta, and my Name Weert H. Banta, and my Wife's Name is Hanna: I advertise this that the Names may be distinguished and my character not stained.

WEERT H. BANTA.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Brew-house, Malt-house,

drying-Kiln, Dwelling-house and Store-house, situate at Brooklyn-Ferry, on Long-Island; the whole (excepting the Store-house) being one Brick and a half thick, well built; the Brewery is built after an English Plan, and is as convenient in every Respect, as any on the Continent; in the Brew-house there is two Copper Kettles well set, one holding about 36 Barrels, and the other about 10, with a mash Tun, two work Tuns, Coolers, Stillages, &c. all in good repair; in the Malt-house, there is two very fine large Lead Cisterns, which will keep 70 Bushels of Barley each, and two excellent Terras Floors, the whole length of the Malt-house, with two Floors over the same for Barley and Malt; there is also, belonging to the Brewery a very excellent Horse Mill, for grinding of Malt, and pumping of Water, with Drains running under the whole, and leading to the River, to carry off the Water; the Lot is about 112 Feet fronting the River, with a very convenient Dock and a Sufficiency of Water for a ten or twelve Cord Boat to discharge along Side; to set forth the Number of Conveniences belonging to the Brewery would be too tedious, and too long for an Advertisement, therefore any Person inclining to purchase, may see the Premises at any Time, by applying to Israel Horsfield, Senior, near the same, who will agree on reasonable Terms, and give an indispensible Title.

RUNAWAY from Francis Koffler

of Brooklyn-Ferry, 1st of November Instant, an indentured Irish Servant, named John Miller, which kept the Bar and made Punch at his House; is about 26 Years of Age, is of a fair Complexion, sandy straight Hair:—Had on when he went away, a new blue Coat, with blue Lining and Buttons, a new blue Waistcoat, with blue Buttons and white Lining, Dearskin Breeches, speckled Yarn Stockings, double soled Shoes and Brass Buckles, and a Beaver Hat.—Any Person that secures the said Run away, so that his Master may have him again, shall receive Five Dollars Reward, and all reasonable Charges, by FRANCIS KOFFLER.

JOHN CLARK,

Shagreen Cofe Maker from London, next Door to Mr. Seckell's, Cooper, in Ferry-Street, near Peck's-Slip Market;
MAKES and sells all Sorts of Shagreen Cofes for Knives and Forks, both in Shagreen and Mohogany, and Cofes for Plate; Lady's Dressing Boxes, Necklaces and Jewel Cofes, Buckle Cofes, and Razor Cofes of all Sorts;—Lady's light travelling Trunks, likewise Trunks of all Sorts, &c. &c.
He Mends all Sorts of the above Articles; sells Fish-Shins for Joiners, Cabinet-Makers and Hatters, either whole or in Pieces.

Just imported from London, and to be sold on the lowest Terms, for CASH or short CREDIT, by

JAMES NIXON,

At the Corner of Queen-Street, adjoining to Messrs. Selby and Thompson, Saddlers, opposite the Corner of Wall-Street, viz.

BROAD cloths, a neat assortment of forrest cloths, Bath coatings, frizes, broad and narrow long shag'd duffes, coatings, fearnoughts, kerfies, strip'd linfies, flannels, rugs, striped and plain blankets, horse cloths, saddle cloths, and other fadlery, serge shalloons, shalloons, rattinets and budoyes, white and colour'd jeans, pillows, herring bones, India dimity, drawboys, narrow and 22 inch callimancoes, and ruffels, fit for shoes; broad and narrow bindings, gartering, threads and tapes, a neat assortment of men's and women's silk and worsted hose, silk and worsted breeches patterns, shags, low price'd 3-4 Scotch and Irish linens, half stiffen'd buckram, white tickings and other stay-makers trimmings, a large assortment of **BUTTONS**, newest patterns, gold, silver, metal, wove and fitch'd scarf, baskets, wove campaigns, mohair and scarf death-heads buttons and twist, fit for shop work, verdegrease, seal skins. N. B. Buttons, twist, and hatters trimmings, sold much cheaper than usual.—Connoisseurs lawful money will be taken, and great allowance made to town or country stores, taylors, staymakers &c.

GARRAT NOEL,

Has this Day imported in the New-York, Capt. Lawrence, from London, an extensive Assortment of Books, and all Sorts of the very best Paper and Parchment, and every other Article in the Stationary Way.—With the Magazines, Reviews and a great Variety of the best Plays and Farces in single Pamphlets.

A L S O,
The following Articles,

SILVER Hilted and Mourning Swords.
Heylin's best neat false britch'd Brags mounted Fowling Pieces.
Ditto with false britch'd double Locks, with Bayonets and Scabbards, &c.
Heylin's best Brags Bar, Brags mounted Holfter Pistols, Seven Inches Barrels, flat, double bridled Locks, &c.
Gentlemen's Walking Canes, gilt Heads.
Rattans, Gut Heads.
Best German Flutes and Violins.
German Flute and Violin Tutors.
Clio and Euterpe, and a very great Variety of new Pieces of Music.
Plated Spurs.
Silver Crois Hangers, neatly finished.
Watch Keys, with Hooks.
Patent—Ditto.
Neatest Steel Watch Hooks.
Cork Screws, a great Variety.
Best London made Lancets.
Women's very neat Shoe Buckles.
Men's gilt Fillegree Shoe and Knee Buckles.
Plain Stock Buckles gilt.
Fillegree Ditto.
Fine plain Box Lockets in Gold.
Do. with Mottos, Garnets, &c.
Very neat Sleeve Buttons.
Ditto—Graved.
Boxes of Colours for Painting, with Brushes, and a Variety of Books, for Learners and those that would improve in Drawing, &c.
Scales and Weights for Gold.
Steel Seals.
Do. Ivory stock'd for Desks.

The only new Books at present are,

- 1 Mr. Nugent's new Pocket Dictionary, French and English.
- 2 The History of the Life of Gustavus Adolphus King of Sweden, furnished the Great, by the Rev. Mr. Harle.
- 3 Salmon's London Art of Building, a new Edition.
- 4 The Christians Magazine, complete in 7 large Octavo Vol.
- 5 The Female Worthies.
- 6 The accomplished Woman.
- 7 Poems for young Ladies.
- 8 Burgh's Dignity of Human Nature, a new Edition.
- 9 Life of Doctor Doddridge.
- 10 Fordyce's Sermon to young Women.
- 11 Foote's Comic Theatre.
- 12 Lock's Common Place Book of the Bible, a new Edition.

BOSTON, November 2.

At a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Boston, legally assembled at Faneuil-Hall, on Wednesday the 28th of October, 1767.

The Hon. JAMES OTIS, Esq; Moderator.

A Written ADDRESS to the Inhabitants, subscribed Philo Patria, recommending Oeconomy and Manufactures, was, by their Order read—

THE Town then took into Consideration the Petition of a Number of Inhabitants, "That some effectual Measures might be agreed upon to promote Industry, Oeconomy, and Manufactures; thereby to prevent the unnecessary Importation of European Commodities, which threaten the Country with Poverty and Ruin." Whereupon in a very large and full Meeting, the following Votes and Resolutions were passed Unanimously, Whereas the excessive Use of foreign Superfluities is the chief Cause of the present distressed State of this Town, as it is thereby drained of its Money; which Misfortune is likely to be increased by Means of the late additional Burthens and Impositions on the Trade of the Province, which threaten the Country with Poverty and Ruin:

Therefore, **VOTED**, That this Town will take all prudent and legal Measures to encourage the Produce and Manufactures of this Province, and to lessen the Use of Superfluities, and particularly the following enumerated Articles imported from Abroad, viz. Loaf Sugar, Cordage, Anchors, Coaches, Chaises and Carriages of all Sorts, Horse Furnitures, Men and Womens Hatts, Mens and Womens apparel ready made, Household Furniture, Gloves, Mens and Womens Shoes, Sole Leather, Sheathing and Deck Nails, Gold and Silver and Thread Lace of all Sorts Gold and Silver Buttons, Wrought Plate of all Sorts, Diamond, Stone and Paste Ware, Snuff, Mustard, Clocks and Watches, Silversmiths and Jewellers Ware, Broad Cloaths that cost above 10s. per Yard, Muffs Furrs and Tippets, and all Sorts of Millenary Ware, Starch, Womens and Childrens Stays, Fire Engines, China Ware, Silk and Cotton Velvets, Gauze, Pewterers hollow Ware, Linseed Oyl, Glue, Lawns, Cambricks, Silks of all Kinds for Garments, Malt Liquors and Cheese.—And that a Subscription for this End be and hereby is recommended to the several Inhabitants and Household of the Town; and that John Rowe Esq; Mr. William Greenleaf, Melatiah Bourne, Esq; Mr. Samuel Austin, Mr. Edward Payne, Mr. Edmund Quincy, Tertius, John Ruddock, Esq; Jonathan Williams, Esq; Joshua Henshaw, Esq; Mr. Henderson Inches, Mr. Solomon Davis, Joshua Winslow, Esq; and Thomas Cushing, Esq; be a committee to prepare a Form for Subscription to report the same as soon as possible; and also to procure Subscriptions to the same

And whereas it is the Opinion of this Town, that divers new Manufactures may be set up in America, to its great Advantage, and some others carried to a greater Extent, particularly those of Glass and Paper.

Therefore, **Voted**, That this Town will by all prudent Ways and Means, encourage the Use and Consumption of Glass and Paper, made in any of the British American Colonies; and more especially in this Province.

[Then the Meeting adjourn'd till 3 o'clock Afternoon.]

III o'clock, P. M.

THE Committee appointed in the Forenoon, to prepare a Form for Subscription, reported as follow:

WHEREAS this Province labours under a heavy Debt, incurred in the Course of the late War; and the Inhabitants by this Means must be for some Time subject to very burthensome Taxes:—and as our Trade has for some Years been on the decline, and is now particularly under great Embarrassments, and burthened with heavy Impositions, our Medium very scarce, and the Balance of Trade greatly against this Country.

WE therefore the Subscribers being sensible that it is absolutely necessary, in Order to extricate us out of these embarrassed and distressed Circumstances

ees, to promote Industry, Oeconomy and Manufactures among ourselves, and by this Means prevent the unnecessary Importation of European Commodities, the excessive Use of which threatens the Country with Poverty and Ruin—DO promise and engage, to and with each other, that we will encourage the Use and Consumption of all Articles manufactured in any of the British American Colonies, and more especially in this Province; and that we will not, from and after the 31st of December next ensuing, purchase any of the following Articles, imported from Abroad, viz. Loaf Sugar, and all the other Articles enumerated above.—

And we further agree strictly to adhere to the late Regulation respecting Funerals, and will not use any Gloves but what are manufactured here, nor procure any new Garments upon such an Occasion, but what shall be absolutely necessary.

The above Report having been considered, the Question was put, Whether the same shall be accepted? Voted unanimously in the Affirmative— And that said Committee be desired to use their best Endeavours to get the Subscription Papers filled up as soon as may be. Also, Voted unanimously, That the foregoing Vote and Form of a Subscription relative to the enumerated Articles, be immediately published; and that the Select-Men be directed to distribute a proper Number of them among the Freeholders of this Town; and to forward a Copy of the same to the Select-Men of every Town in the Province; as also to the principal City or Town Officers of the chief Towns in the several Colonies on the Continent, as they may think proper.

That Clause in the Warrant, "That the Mind and Resolution of the Town may be taken with Respect to the Expediency of the humble Request to his Excellency the Governor, that he will convene the General Assembly as soon as may be," was read, and considered: Whereupon, Voted unanimously, That the Representatives of the Town having already made humble Application to his Excellency the Governor for the Purpose above-mentioned, the Town do approve of their Conduct therein; hereby declaring their Sense of the Importance of the Measure, and expressing their Hopes that his Excellency will be pleased to favour it, by convening the General Assembly as soon as conveniently may be.

The Clause in the Warrant, viz. "To consider of some Measures for employing the poor of the Town of Boston, by reviving the Linen Manufacture, and in such other Ways as shall be thought most beneficial," was read—Whereupon Voted, that John Barrett, Esq; Mr. Edward Payne, Middlecot Cook, Esq; Mr. Henderson Inches, Melatiah Bourn, Esq; Jonathan Williams, Esq; Ezekiel Goldthwait, Esq; be a Committee for the Purpose aforesaid, to Report as soon as may be—

Upon a Motion made, Voted, That the Town will take all proper Measures, by keeping in their Children and Servants, and other Ways, to prevent the Disturbances which have sometimes happened on or about the 5th Day of November.

Attent,

William Cooper, Town-Clerk.

Then the Meeting was adjourn'd to the 20th Day of November next.

At the above Meeting several Samples of Starch, called Poland Starch, and of the common Sort of Starch: Hair Powder of the best Sort, Glue, and Snuff like Kippen's, so call'd, all manufactur'd in this Town by Messrs. Hewes, Baker and Gillispie, were produced in Town Meeting, and much approved of.

Mr. John Baker, who manufactures the Poland Starch so called, being present, declared his Readiness to contract with the Inhabitants for Two Thousand Barrels at the prime Cost of that Article in London.

Mr. Gillispie the Manufacturer of Scotch Snuff so called, offered to furnish the Inhabitants with what may be wanted, at the first Cost of that Article in North-Briton.

The Town were also informed that our Paper Manufacturers had given Assurance, that in Case they can be supplied with the necessary Materials, usually burnt or thrown away in our great Towns, they could supply the Province with whatever Sorts of Paper they have Occasion for, in sufficient Quantities, with some left for the other Colonies.

There is a certain Herb, lately found in this Province, which begins already to take Place in the Room of Green and Bohem Tea, which is said to be of a very salutary Nature, as well as a more agreeable Flavour.—It is called Labrador.

We are assured from good Authority, that many of the Bodies of this Town have said, that in the List of Articles not to be purchased, TEA ought by no Means to have been omitted; and that they are resolved to omit the Use of it for the future.

It is judged that the Spirit of Frugality and Oeconomy prevails in our Country Towns, as the Demand for European Superfluities is of late very greatly diminished.

In a large Circle of very agreeable Ladies in this Town, it was unanimously agreed to lay aside the Use of Ribbons, &c. &c. &c. for which there has been so great a Resort to Milliners in times past.—It is hoped that this Resolution will be followed by others of the Sex throughout the Province.—How agreeable will they appear in their native Beauty, stript of these Ornaments, from the prevailing Motive of Love to their Country.

We must after all our Efforts, depend greatly upon the Female

Sex for the Introduction of Oeconomy among us: And those who have the Pleasure of an Acquaintance with them, assure us that their utmost Aid will not be wanting.

Last Tuesday Night came on, and continued all the next Day, a most violent N. E. Storm of Wind and Rain, with some Snow, which we hear has done great Damage along the Sea Coast, and 'tis said that between 20 and 30 Sail of Vessels are drove ashore and cast away on the Southern Shore, among which is a Vessel from the Baltick bound in here with a valuable Cargo, which is much damaged, but 'tis said the Vessel may be got off again. A Sloop from Carolina, another from the West-Indies, and a Vessel from Connecticut, the latter of whom 'tis said is entirely stove to Pieces, and all the People perished; but we cannot learn any further Particulars.

We hear from Portsmouth, That Capt. Somerville, in a Brig coming in from the West-Indies, was cast away on the back of Newcastle, last Wednesday Night, but we cannot learn whether the People perished or not.

Monday last arrived here the Ship Catharine, Captain Henderfon, from Bristol, by whom we have the following Advices.

L O N D O N, September 15.

LETTERS from Italy, by yesterday's mail bring a confirmation of a violent earthquake, in the isle of Cassalonia, belonging to the Venetians. Half the capital town is destroyed; a great number of the inhabitants lost their lives; and the number of the maimed is still greater. The governor of the island very narrowly escaped with his family and domestics on board a ship, the house which he occupied being intirely demolished. The shocks had not ceased when the letters came away; and they were also felt at the islands of St. Maure, Tenedos, and Argos, which have all greatly suffered.

They write from Brest, that two thousand tons of ship timber had just arrived there in a Swedish transport, from the Baltick, for the use of the King's dock yards.

Thomas Bowers and Isaac Hulls, porters, concerned together in stealing 2000l. from Messrs Paynes, Bankers in Lombord-street, which they were intrusted to carry to the Nottingham waggon, were yesterday sentenced to be transported.

It is strongly reported that an additional sum of 100,000l. will be granted next sessions of parliament, in consideration of the high price of provisions, for the augmentation of the livings of poor clergymen in England and Wales, under the patronage of a great perionage.

Lord Chatham is said to be much better since his retirement into the West; but it is believed will never undertake any public business again.

Sept. 17. By a Gentleman from Ireland we learn, that the generality of the people there are all fired with the love of liberty, that unless the bill for limiting the duration of the Parliament to seven years, which has already been so often brought into the house and rejected, shall pass into a law the ensuing sessions, it is the opinion of those who are best acquainted with the temper and disposition of the people, that the whole Kingdom will be in a ferment, and mobs be more frequent and outrageous than they have been since the revolution; but is hoped the prudence and moderation of their present Lord Lieutenant and of the legislature in general, will prevent all this, by gratifying them in what they have in vain so long solicited for.

Aug. 10. Yesterday Mary Clifford died at Bartholomew's hospital, of the cruel treatment she received from her mistress, Elizabeth Brownrigg.

Aug. 16. Elizabeth Brownrigg, who, with John Brownrigg, her son, had fled from justice, being charged on the coroner's inquest with the wilful murder of Mary Clifford, her apprentice, was taken at a chandler's at Wadsworth, and brought to the poultry compter. The mother fell into fits, which have occasionally attacked her ever since.

Aug. 21. John Brownrigg, eldest son to Brownrigg the painter, was examined before the Lord Mayor, relative to the murder of Mary Clifford, when the surviving apprentice deposed, that about six months ago the said John beat the deceased, with the buckle end of a thick leather belt, till the blood ran from her head, neck and shoulders, because she did not turn up a bedstead, tho' she had not strength to do it; and that about three months ago the said John came into the cellar just after his mother had been horse-whipping the deceased, who was then naked when the former told him, that tho' she had beaten the girl severely, yet she could not make her do any thing, and bid him whip her; whereupon he gave the deceased about twenty cuts with the lash of the whip; after which the mother and the son went away, leaving the poor creature naked. The witness having added, that the son had not, to her knowledge, beat the deceased after the last mentioned time, and it being the opinion of the surgeons that the wounds which occasioned her death, were those she received on the 31st ult. and the whippings she received from the son being before that time, he was not judged accessory to the murder, but was however remanded to goal. It appeared on this examination, that the mother began to beat the deceased at one month after her being bound apprentice, and from that time the wounds of the unhappy girl were never suffered to heal thoroughly, but constantly kept open by repeated severities.

Sept. 15. Elizabeth Brownrigg was tried on Saturday last for the inhuman murder of Mary Clif-

ford, for which she received sentence of death, and was executed at Tyburn the monday following.

Sept. 16. We are informed that Elizabeth Brownrigg, after taking her leave of her Husband and Son in Newgate, was impatient till the Sheriff came to demand her Body, and declared there was nothing she so ardently longed for as her Dissolution.

It is said, the skeleton of Mrs. Brownrigg will be fixed in the Nitch opposite the front door in the Surgeon's Theatre, and her Name will be wrote under it, in order to perpetuate the Heinousness of her Cruelty in the Minds of the Spectators: In that Nitch now hangs the Bones of the first Malefactor for Murder convicted since the Act of Parliament commenced, and it is remarkable he was born with one Arm.

Q U E B E C, October 15.

Wednesday, the 30th of September, was tried in the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Montreal, an Action, in which Captain Diney, late Town-Major of Montreal, was plaintiff, and Thomas Walker, Esq; late a Justice of the Peace for the District of Montreal, was Defendant. The Action was brought for having maliciously, and without any probable Cause, procured the Plaintiff to be imprisoned and detained in Prison 119 Days, upon a Charge of having been concerned in the felonious Assault committed upon the defendant in December, 1764, and having maliciously, and without any probable Cause, procured the Plaintiff to be indicted and tried for the said Felony, at the last Session of the Supreme Court holden at Montreal, in the Months of February and March last, and given Evidence against the Plaintiff in Support of the said Indictment: And the Damages were laid at £. 2000 of lawful Money of this Province. The Defendant stated, in a long special Plea, the grounds upon which he had carried on the Prosecution against the Plaintiff, which amounted to a very strong probable cause. The Trial lasted about five Hours, and the whole Conduct of the Defendant in carrying on the late criminal Prosecution was very narrowly inquired into: And the Jury after withdrawing about five Minutes, gave a Verdict for the Defendant. The Conduct of a Gentleman of Character, now absent from this Province, with respect to a Proposal made by him about the Month of January last, to one of the Gentlemen then in Custody on Account of the said felonious Assault on Mr. Walker, was likewise fully examined on this Occasion, and fully justified to the general Satisfaction of the Public.

A N N A P O L I S, October 29.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, dated August 19, to his Friend in this Province.

"It is the general Opinion of thinking People here, that a great Number of Paper-Mills will very shortly be erected in AMERICA, in Consequence of the late P-R-I-N-T-I-N-G A C T to encourage the Manufacture of that Article in the Colonies."

P H I L A D E L P H I A, November 5.

Monday last arrived here the brig Grampus, Capt. Robenson, from Rotterdam. He brought in with him, the crew of the schooner William, Captain Browne, which he picked up at sea; they report as follows, that they sailed from New-Haven the 11th of October, with lumber and cattle for Martinico, when lying too in the night of the 15th, the schooner overfet, by which accident one boy was drowned, the remainder of the crew, seven in number got on her side, where they remained till next day, when she, having fill'd, the cattle being over, and the mainmast gone, righted, but was full of water, so that they were forced to live on the bolt-sprit and shrouds of the foremast; the first two days they had neither meat nor drink, they afterwards lived on some beef, two dolphins and a shark which they caught with a crooked nail, all which they were obliged to eat raw, they also had some water, which with the greatest difficulty they got out of the fore scuttle, the captain being obliged to dive several times for it: On the 7th day of their being on the wreck, about noon, in lat. 36: long. 68: Capt. Robenson came to their assistance, and with the greatest difficulty, his boat being very leaky, took them off, they had that day, by the washing of the sea, lost both their beef and water, and being almost spent, they expected nothing less, than they should perish in a short time.

Capt. May in the sloop Hunter, from St. Eustatia, in the gale of the 15th, split his forefall, squarefall, and jibb, stove in his quarter board, his cabin and boat. The 17th ult. in lat. 36, long. 30, saw a sea breaker over a brig, that was near him, which carried away her boat, spritsail yard, &c. and stove in her quarter board. After the gale, he saw several small vessels seemingly in distress, one of which he spoke, who was a whaling sloop, which had been out 155 days, had split her jibb and lost two whales, which he had along side, when the gale came on.

N E W - Y O R K, November 12.

By Letters from Turk-Islands, we learn, that soon after Governor Symmer arrived there, a Frame of Government had been agreed on, whereby the Governor chose two Gentlemen as Councillors or

death, and following. With Brown and Son came to as nothing tion.

egg will be poor in the wrote un- hiefs of her : In that Malefactor Parliament born with

was tried Montreal, te Town- mas Wal- he Distric- tion was thout any be impr- a Charge us Affairt ber, 1764, y probable and tried e Supreme of Febru- against the : And the ful Money ated, in a which he Plaintiff, able cause, the whole n the late y inquired about five ant. The now absent ofal made, to one of unt of the was like- fully Justifi- blic.

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er 12. learn, that ere, a Frame whereby the ouncellers or

Assistants to him, and the People eight, as Repre- sentatives to them, who have lately agreed to lay such heavy Taxes on the rest of the Inhabitants, that many of the Settlers are determined to leave the Place.—A Consequence the Letter Writers justly observes, that will always follow where too many idle Persons live in Proportion to the Labourers. *Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in London, to one of the Society for Manufactures in New-York, August 26. 1767.*

I received a Piece of Linen from the Society; it being brown, I desired my Linen Draper to get it bleached; he told me, that during 45 Years, that he had been a Draper, he had never seen such an excellent Piece of Linen; that as he had got a Fortune out of North-America, it gave him Pleasure to hear it was manufactured there, but as a Linen Draper he was sorry for it.—It has been 6 Weeks on the Grate, and the Bleacher says it must be in his Hands 6 more, before it will be well whiten'd; for that he never saw a Piece equal to it, and desired to know of what Fabrick it was. Such are the Praises of your Manufacture: I hope soon to see the Day, that we shall import great Quantities of Linen from New-York, into this Kingdom, as well as from Ireland and Scotland, and that Germany shall be excluded.

Captain Sheldon, from Newfoundland in 17 Days, informs us, that a Ship from Philadelphia was just arrived there; and that Governor Pallisair, had lately condemned there, a French Ship and Cargo, which he found out of her Limits, for having only 6 Beaver Skins on board; the Vessel was afterwards cleared, and gone out of Port, but the Cargo detained.

The Corporation of this City, sensible of the Necessity of a Bridewell, have obtained a Law for raising a Sum of Money towards building one; but as this will be a Work of some Time, that they may not suffer any further Inconveniences for the Want of such an Edifice, they are fitting up some Rooms in the Gaol for the Purpose, which will be ready by the End of this Week; when we understand the Magistrates intend to have a general Search throughout the City, and all Rogues, Stragglers, and idle and suspicious Persons, that cannot give a good Account of themselves, that can be found, will be apprehended and sent thither, where they will be kept to hard Labour and rigid Discipline, which is hoped, will be a Means of freeing this City of a Number of Miscreants, with which it has been infected.

Tuesday last arrived here Capt. Robert Troup, in a Ship from Grangus, in Spain, after a Passage of 10 Weeks, most of which Time he had hard Gales of Wind; on this Coast on the 20th September, at Night, met with a Gale of Wind that carried away all his Sails, and laid the Ship on her Beam Ends, and expected every Moment to have carried away his Masts, but providentially the Gale abated.

We hear from Newport, that on Friday or Saturday last, a young Woman poisoned herself and the Master of the House, with whom she lived.—The former died on Saturday, and the Life of the latter was despaired of the same Evening. The Particulars of this melancholy Account, we have not yet learned; but the Report we have, is, that the Woman was with Child by the Gentleman, who she understood was to be published to another Person on Sunday, to avenge which conduct, she had recourse to this dreadful Expedient.

We hear from Brookhaven, in Suffolk County, that on Friday the 23d of October, Mrs. Mary Muirson, Wife of George Muirson, Esq; died of a lingering Illness, and the Sunday after was decently interred in the Family Burying-Place, on the Manor of St. Georges. She was very amiable in Life, her Death greatly lamented by her Family, Friends, and Acquaintance.

Next Sunday will be preached at Trinity Church, a Sermon for the Benefit of the Charity Children.

BOSTON, November 5.

Last Evening arrived in Nantasket, Capt. Watt, in 6 Weeks from London: The Letters and Prints are not come to Town at the Printing hereof. Robert Temple, Esq; one of the Passengers, came up last Night: We hear there are 30 Passengers on board, among whom are the Commissioners for the Receipt and Management of his Majesty's Customs and other Duties in America.

NEW-HAVEN, November. 7.

At a Special Court held here on Tuesday the 27th of October one James Haning, a transient Person, was convicted of Burglary, and was sentenced to be whipt 15 Stripes, to have his right Ear cut off, and to be branded with the Letter B in his Forehead and last Monday he received his Punishment.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Ruffell, from Cork. Nicholson, Waterford. Benson, Falmouth. Norris, Africa. Ball, Honduras. Wallace and Campbell, Monto Christo. Bell and Provost, Jamaica. Sneider, Fyall. Young, Turke-Island. Sheldon, Newfoundland. Hammond, Pensacola. Ellis, Philadelphia. Luther, North-Carolina. Rodman; Jones; and Andrews, Rhode-Island. Deane, Coracoa. Troup, Coruna. Sutherland, Virginia.

Outwards.—Lee, for Dominica. Miles, Lisbon. Wightman; and Rodman, Rhode-Island. Jones; Yarbrough; and Harris, North-Carolina. Hodge, Coracoa. Banks, Pensacola. Smith, Boston.

Cleared.—Waddle, to Lisbon. Naguez, St. Martins. Bodlow; and Fowler, St. Croix. M'Keller, Hispaniola. Chadwick; and Aclerston, North-Carolina. Trebble, Virginia. Marshall, Grenades.

For SALE peremptorily,
This Day and To-morrow,
At the Merchant's Coffee-House,
40 Pipes of choice Fyall Wine.
On SATURDAY Afternoon at two o'Clock,
Will be sold, on Cromelin's Wharf,
80 Hogheads of Muscovado Sugars.
And at Mr. McDavitt's Vendue-House,
On MONDAY and TUESDAY next,
Will certainly be struck off to the best Bidder;
A large Assortment of seasonable
GOODS, being the Property of a Gentleman who is leaving
the Province.

To the PUBLIC.
WHEREAS for the Want of an
establish'd BROOKER in this City, many Inhabitants, Masters of Vessels, Strangers, and Persons indispos'd, who are in the commercial Way, labour under great Disadvantages and Inconveniences: And whereas the Subscriber has lived many Years in this City as a Merchant, who from his Experience in Business, and personal acquaintance with its Inhabitants, begs Leave to offer his Service in that Capacity: At the same Time, engages faithfully and strictly, to observe the Orders committed to his Care and Management, with the utmost Secrecy and Dispatch; and as this Branch of Commerce is, with much Propriety, establish'd in every trading City in Europe, to the great Utility and Advantage of Trade in general, he therefore hopes, that so necessary an Office fix'd here, will meet with all suitable Encouragement, to the Public's
Most obedient, and most humble Servant,
HENDRICK OUDENAARDE.

Said Oudenaarde lives on Rotten-Row, between Messrs. Cunningham and Comp. Store, and Mr. James Lamb's, Grocer, where he has at present from 500 to 1000 l. to let upon Interest, on approved Security, and where he acquaints the Public they may hereafter be supplied in that Way.
He has also, a Parcel of Strouds, Kersey, Rose Blankets, and Playing-Cards, to dispose of. 97 300

EDWARD GRIMSTONE,
In Conjunction with his Wife.

(Lately arrived in this City) begs Leave to inform the Public, that they will open SCHOOL, on Monday the 16th Day of this Instant, November, in Smith-Street, near the City-Hall: Where

YOUNG Ladies and Gentlemen
may be boarded and carefully taught, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, and Merchant's Accounts, after the true Italian Method; as Mr. Grimstone perfectly understands the practical Part of that Profession.

LIKEWISE,

All Sorts of Needle-Work, taught
by Mrs. GRIMSTONE, who has kept a School for fifteen Years last past, and given great Satisfaction to the Parents, whose Children she has had under her Care.

N. B. The greatest Care will be taken to regulate the Children's Manners, and instill into their Minds the Principles of Virtue.

Teaching at Night, Books settled, and all Sorts of Writing perform'd.—New-York, 10th Nov. 1767. 97—

To be sold at public Vendue,
On Wednesday the Ninth Day of December next, between the Hours of ten and twelve in the Forenoon;

THE Upper Grist-Mill of Thomas
Dougan, Esq; situated at Staten-Island, in Richmond County, with seventy-eight Acres of clear Land, and forty-one Acres of choice Wood-Land, contiguous thereto: The Title indisputable. Any Person inclining to purchase at private Sale, may in the mean Time apply to the Reverend Mr. Richard Charlton, at Staten-Island, or in New-York to New-York, Nov. 1st. (97 1300) JAMES DUANE.

TO BE SOLD,
ABOUT Twelve Thousand Acres
of Land in the Townships of Gage, Conway, and Burton, in the Province of Nova Scotia or Acadia; about One Hundred Families are already settled, and there is a great deal of clear Land, that was formerly inhabited: For further Particulars inquire of PETER VAN BRUGH LIVINGSTON, in New-York. (97 1300)

PURSUANT to an order of the
honourable John Thomas and Gilbert Bloomer, Esqrs. two of the Judges of the inferior court of common pleas, for Westchester county, upon the petition of John Frost, of the manor of Cortlandt, in the county of Westchester, joiner, an insolvent debtor, and sundry of his creditors, notice is hereby given, by the said petitioners to all the creditors of the said John Frost, to shew cause, (if any they have) before the said Judges, at the court house in the White Plains, on Saturday the 14th day of November inst. at two o'clock in the afternoon, being the day appointed by the said Judges, why an assignment should not be made to Gilbert Drake and Jonathan Purdy, jun. in the county of Westchester, yeomen, appointed by the said petitioners for that purpose, and the said John Frost be thereupon discharged, pursuant to the prayer of the said petition, and the several laws of this colony of New-York, in case of insolvent debtors, made and provided.

JOHN LABOYTEAUX,
TAYLOR,

DESIRES to acquaint his Cust-
omers and Friends, that he is removed from Maiden Lane, to the House lately occupied by Mr. William Butler, in Beekman's-Slip, where he hopes the Continuance of his old Customers; and all Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend upon his best Endeavours to merit their Favour and Approbation.—He has to dispose of, —A Variety of Cloths, and all Kinds of Trimmings, suitable for the present and approaching Season, at the lowest Prices. Also, Genteel Lodgings, and a large commodious Cellar, to be let, likewise, the Dwelling-House he removed from to be enter'd upon immediately; inquire as above. 97 300

TO BE SOLD,
By HENRY CUYLER,
At his Store in Dock-Street,
BEST single refin'd Sugar, at
Twelve Pence per lb by the single Loaf—Lump Su-
gar by the single Lump, at Eleven Pence per lb—for Cash.

TO BE SOLD,
By ZACHARIAS SICKELS,
In NEW-STREET,
SPLIT PEASE, of the best Sort,
at 12s. per Bushel, affo. Albany Pease, as usual. 97 300
Just imported per the York, Capt. Berton, and the Nancy,
Capt. Leech, from London and the last Vessels from Bris-
tol, and to be sold Wholesale and Retail, by
ENNIS GRAHAM,
TAYLOR, at the Corner of Wall-Street:

A Large assortment of superfine
and middling broad cloth, in grain, scarlet do. 8-4 and
6-4 wide, black cloth, and prongs for the clergy; Bath rug
for furtout coats, scarlet do. for gentlemen's vest, beaver
coating for men's coats, f. rest cloths, frizes, kerfies, German
serge, serges, Colchester baize, spotted swankin, flannels,
rattinets, fine, middling, and coarse shalloons; durants, tam-
mies, Wilton's, silk and worsted sagathies, dorsettes, doufoys,
camblots, silk and worsted programs, crapes, single and dou-
ble allopeen, cloth coloured jennets, white do. for ladies
riding habits; cloth coloured pillow fustian, white jean, her-
ring bone fustian, white India dimity, striped silk damasies,
striped, and cloth coloured perians, Scotch plaid for men's
gowns, serge denim, buff serge dufoy, everlasting, thickset;
and royal thicksets; several pieces curious, cut and uncut
Genoa velvet, with gold flowers, scarlet, crimson, and black
do. Manchester ditto, Spittlefield ditto, for capes of coats,
velvet shapes of various colours; fine black and cloth co-
lour, hair, shags, yellow, scarlet and cloth worsted shags;
a large assortment of broad, middling and narrow gold and silver
lace, gold and silver shoulder knots, gold and silver shoulder
straps, narrow, broad and extraordinary broad gold and sil-
ver knee garters; gold and silver cord, gold and silver vel-
lum, gold and silver thread, gold and silver chain, broad
gold hat bands, gold and silver cord hat bands; stone has
buckles, shoe buckles, knee buckles, stock buckles and
broaches; black, buff, crimson, scarlet, and cloth coloured
worsted breeches pieces, black, buff, crimson, scarlet, white and
cloth coloured silk ditto; black, white and mixed ribbed and
plain silk stockings; worsted, cotton and thread do. Irish li-
nen, cambricks, pistol lawns, sheeting linens, brown Russia
sheeting, dowlas, garlix, quadruple, Silecias, oznaburgs, yard
wide cotton check, sealing-wax; calicoes, black and crim-
son fustians, peelong, vellure silk, corded tabbies for men's
vest, black and white Barcelona handkerchiefs, black cra-
vats, pocket handkerchiefs, men's hats, gold and silver but-
tons; a large assortment of metal buttons with and without
shanks, for city and country shop-keepers, mohair basket
buttons, worsted do. best scarf twist, ditto, death head do.
shirt buttons, sewing silk, best scarf twist, threads, cruels,
narrow, broad and extraordinary broad knee garters, mohair
binding for coats, shoe do. broad London quality do. mo-
hair cord for women's cloakes and men's coats; white tapes,
flay tapes, glazed linen buckram, table knives and forks,
shammy skins, buckskin gloves, shoe and knee buckles, horn
combs, snuff boxes, razors; common and white chapel nee-
dles, taylor's shears, irons, notches, lapboards, thimbles, &c. &c.
Likewise, hatters trimmings of all sorts.

New-Windsor, Nov. 10. 1767.

To be sold at public Vendue, the Tenth Day of December
next, on the Premises:

ONE Hundred Acres of Land, ly-
ing on the West-Side of Hudson's River, near New-
Windsor, in Ulster-County; which Land is divided into six
Lots, viz. Lot No. 1, containing about 27 Acres, on which
stands a fine new Grist-Mill, on the noted good Stream com-
monly known by the Name of Quasick, (alias) Chambers'-
Creek: This Mill is supposed to be as well calculated for the
Business of the New-York Market, as any in the Province,
having the great Advantage of a fine extensive Wheat Coun-
try, lying back of it, and being situated so that the Flour can
be transported from the Door in a Scow, and loaded on board
of a Sloop, (which can come within a very small Distance of
the Mill): Therefore no Expence will accrue on Account of
Land-Carriage; consequently the Purchaser can advance a
higher Price for Wheat, than possibly can be given at Mills
whose Situation lies back from the River: The good Effect
of which will be, that he can command as much of that Com-
modity as he may think proper. The House is large and
commodious, being 42 Feet in Length, and 28 in Breadth,
two Stories and a Half high, one Pair of Stones fix't, and in
good Order, with proper Conveniency to fix another Pair.
Lots No. 2 and 3, each containing about 13 Acres, Lot No.
4, contains about 18, Lot No. 5, contains about 14, and
Lot No. 6, contains about 9 Acres.—The Whole is good
Swamp and Up-Land, with fine young thriving Timber on
it, and will be sold together, or in separate Parcels, as above-
mentioned, as may best suit the Purchasers.—The Condi-
tions will be made known at the Time of Sale: An indisputa-
ble Title will be given by the Subscriber, living near the Pre-
mises. 97 1300.

GEORGE HARRIS.

To be let, and entered upon immediately,
A Convenient small House, in the
Broad-Way, the Third House to the Northward of
Mr. Lambert Moore's, and almost opposite to Mr. Banyar's.
Inquire of (Nov. 11.) JOHN H. CRUGER.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to
all Persons indebted to the Estate of Thomas Dods, an
absconding Debtor, to make Payment to either of us the Sub-
scribers, appointed Trustees for the Benefit of all the Cre-
ditors of the said Dods, on or before the 10th December en-
suing. And all Persons that have any Demands on the said
Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts attested: And
those that have any Effects in Hands belonging to the said
Estate, are desired to deliver them up to us, or else we shall
proceed according to Information, and as the Law directs.

New-York, Nov.

6, 1767.

97 300

JONAS PHILLIPS,

JOHN HODGSON,

JOHN JONES,

Trustees.

POETS CORNER.

An Ode upon FRIENDSHIP: By a Lady.

AMBITIOUS thoughts at length subside;
No more my heart misled by pride,
Ideal bliss pursues:

To Friendship's sacred fane I bow,
To her devote my ardent vow.

And dedicate my Muse
Bless'd Amity! thou child of truth!

Say, where must inexperienced Youth
Thy halcyon seat explore:

Dwell'st thou where gilded turrets rise,
And lofty domes salute the skies,

In all the pride of pow'r
Ah! rather, with indignant smiles,

Thou shun'st the false deluding wiles
Of envy and Deceit:

Remote from Folly's gay parade;
In rural life's sequester'd shade

I seek thy soft retreat.

Where Truth and Virtue stand confest'd,
(Fix'd inmates both of Laura's breast)

Thou reign'st in all the charms:

Ease, Innocence, and Joy serene
Unvarying gild the peaceful scene,

And ev'ry care difarms.

When grief invades and wounds the heart,
To thee 'tis giv'n, with lenient art,

Corroding pangs to heal:
Affliction hurls her darts in vain;

By thee supported we sustain
Each adverse stroke we feel.

Dull Apathy, the lazy guide
Of Stoics petrify'd by Pride,

Shall ne'er my actions frame:
Can real Virtue prompt the soul

Its social duties to controul,
Or cancel Friendship's claim?

Whilst such, unenvy'd in their flights,
Still perch on Wisdom's frozen heights,

Where passions ne'er ascend;
Let me with heart-felt ardor glow,

To raise the joys or share the woe
Of each deserving friend.

TO BE SOLD,

This DAY, at publick Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, between the Hours of 12

and 1, Two Thirds of

The BRIG FRIENDSHIP,

Henry White, now Master;

SHE is about 130 Tons Burthen, and can be recommended for a well built Vessel. 96 99

NOTICE is hereby given, to

those indebted to Henderson and Ewing, that unless

they discharge the same, at or before the first Day of Decem-

ber next, they may depend on being sued then without further

Delay; they have given Notice to this Purpose several

Times before; but this may be depended on, shall be the

last. Those they are indebted to, are desired to call for their

Money immediately. H. and E.

WRITINGS,

BILLS and Answers in Courts of Equity; Conveyances; Af-

firmations; Powers of Attorney; Letters of Licence; Affi-

duits; Petitions, (to obtain the Benefit of the insolvent Act) and

all other Business of such Nature, drawn according to Law, next

door to Dr. Farquhar's, in French-Church Street, by

MARK FEELY, Attorney.

WAS committed to Jail upon Sus-

picion of being a Runaway, in the County of Mon-

mouth, and Province of New-Jersey, on the 8th of Septem-

ber last; a Lad who calls himself John Conger, aged 19

Years, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a light Complexion, and

says he was born in the Jerseys, &c. His Master, if any he

has, is desired to take him away, otherwise he will be sold

out to pay the Charges. **WILLIAM COLE,**

November 2, 1767. (96 99) Under Sheriff.

Genteel Lodgings,

Upon easy Terms; may be heard of, by

applying to the Printer of this Paper.

Peters and Rapalje,

Have for Sale, between the Fly-Market and Burling's-Slip,

opposite to where John Montanye kept his Store of Earthen

Ware, and next Door to William Lupton's:

OLD Jamaica spirits, West-India

and York distill'd rum, by the hoghead or 5 gallons;

choice Mustovado sugars by the hoghead or barrel;

loaf sugar—molasses, by the hoghead—new rice—tea—coffee

chocolate—pepper—alfice—French indigo—Ware's and Gra-

ham's best Scotch snuff, by the bladder—a few casks of excel-

lent good gun-powder—Liverpool salt, of the best quality,

&c. &c. 87—

NEW-YORK: Printed by **JOHN HOLT,** at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing

Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five

Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

TO BE LET,

On reasonable terms, and long leases will be given to those who intend valuable improvements, many very valuable and well situated lots, not already tenanted, (several of them being on the next street to the harbour,) near the center of the city of PENSACOLA, in West-Florida, within the following bounds, viz.

THREE hundred and forty feet on the east side of Cum-berland Street, taking in the whole space between Pitt Street, and Mansfield Street, with the corners at each of those streets; eighty feet on the north side of Mansfield Street, adjoining Cumberland Street; eighty feet on the south side of Pitt Street, adjoining Cumberland Street, including the corner lots; one hundred and sixty feet on the south side of Pitt Street, adjoining Cumberland Street; one hundred and seventy feet on the south side of Cumberland Street, from the corner of Pitt Street, towards Mansfield Street; one hundred and sixty feet on the south side of Granby Street, one hundred and seventy feet deep, between Cumberland Street and Johnson Street; eighty feet on the south side of Princes and from the corner of Prince's-Street, one hundred and seventy feet fronting the square lay'd out for a publick market, eighty feet fronting the harbour, extending two hundred feet back to the east swamp and fresh water river; three hundred and fifteen feet on the south side of Grafton Street, by two hundred and eight feet deep, with three streets running through this space, and adjoining a fresh water rivelet on the east side; one hundred and five feet front on the north side of Grafton Street, by two hundred and eight feet deep on the south side of Prince's Street, with a fresh water rivelet running through these lots also; one hundred and five feet front, by two hundred and eight feet deep, on the south side of Grafton Street, near Charlotte Street; one hundred and five feet front, by two hundred and eight feet deep on the north side of Conway Street.

ALSO, the east and west swamp, adjoining and encompassing about two thirds of the city of Pensacola, on the land side; each of them has a fresh water brook running through the center of them, known by the names of the east and west brooks, they bound on the east and west harbours, and are esteemed the best adapted lands in the whole Province for gardens; they are so level that water can be led from the brooks into trenches through every plat in the gardens; the timber, brush and underwood is entirely cleared off them; the soil is black mould, and easily cultivated and in such esteem that the inhabitants carry the mould from these swamps, to improve their gardens in the town.—As there is little winter in that climate the gardens may be kept in continued culture the whole year.—Arbours of vines would form a profitable shade from the summers over the garden plats;—grapes—oranges—lemons—limes—pomegranates—citron—almonds—olives—figs—pistachioes—peaches—nectrins—plumbs—apples—lettices, radishes, melons, cucumbers, cabbage, turnips, potatoes of the Irish and Carolina kinds, and almost all other fruits and vegetables produced any where on the continent of America, or West-Indies, thrive extremely well at Pensacola, where they have the advantage of a good soil.

Likewise a tract of land about 300 yards from the town, on the bay side, fit for gardens.

There is also a very fine stream fit to erect saw-mills on, with three thousand acres of fine wood-land of cedar, live oak and pitch pine on the banks of the river, leading into the east bay, (by which conveyance plenty of those timbers may be always had) about four miles from the town of Pensacola.—It can be asserted that there are few places in the world, where gardeners could make a greater profit from their labour than at Pensacola, for on enquiry it will be found the following prices have been generally given for vegetables at that place, viz. For potatoes, before the North-American ships arrive with them—9d. per pound, after those from the shipping are sold, bad and good, as they come to hand, at one dollar the bushel; turnips at 4d. half penny per pound; a good cabbage sells for half a dollar; radishes a bit a bunch, and all other vegetables in proportion; fat chickens and young ducks sell from 8 to 12 bits a piece;—notwithstanding beef and plenty of venison is sold from 4d. half penny to a bit per pound; plenty of good oysters for the gathering, and many kinds of very good fish, as cheap as at New-York.—So that at that place industrious, sober, and frugal people cannot fail of soon growing rich.—As there are no lands in or near Pensacola, but such as are private property.—Those who intend to go from these parts to settle at that place, will have great advantage in making their terms before they set out for any of the above premises, with **JAMES THOMPSON,** at New-York, and those who are on the spot, can view the lots, and may apply to the Hon. David and George Raincock, Esqrs. at Pensacola, who are empowered to rent them. 96—

Benjamin Booth,

Has just brought with him from London, the following Goods, which will be sold exceeding cheap for Cash, at his Store near the Coenties-Market

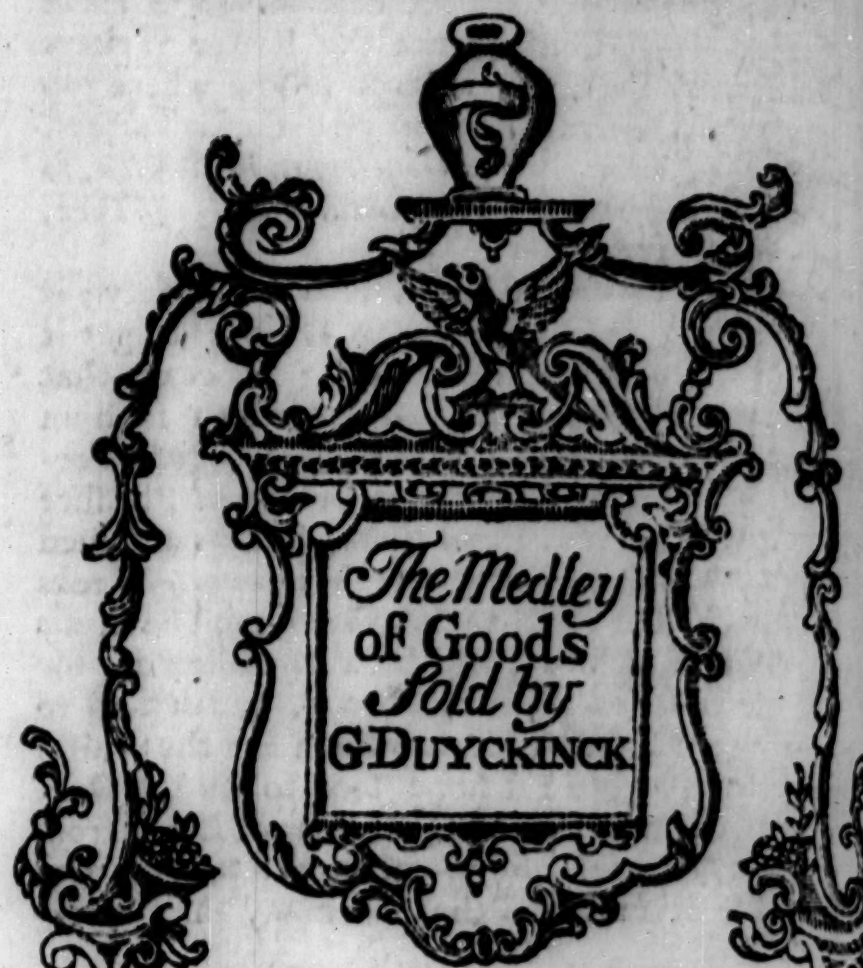
BEST English sail-
Cloth, No. 1, to 6,
Copper Tea-Kettles of
all Sizes,
Oznaburghs,
Dowlas,
Russia Sheeting,
Irish Sheeting,
Irish Linen,
Cambricks and Lawns,
Scotch Carpeting, very
cheap,
Hofes Shoes,
Loaf Sugar,
Nails of all Sorts,
Pewter Dishes, Plates
and Basons,
Writing Paper,
Playing Cards,
Paper Hangings, a great
Variety,
Red Lead,
White Lead,
Quart Bottles,
Corks,

With sundry other Goods, all which are laid in upon very low Terms, and will be sold great Bargains. 95 98

This is to give Notice,

TO all Persons indebted to Mr. **ANDREW M'YER,** to pay the same to **ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON:** If not paid soon, his Books will be put in the Hands of an Attorney. 95

A FRESH IMPORTATION at the UNIVERSAL STORE, OR



At the Sign of the
Looking Glass & Druggist Pot,
at the Corner of
the Old Slip Market,
NEW-YORK;

Where is sold Pictures, Looking-
Glasses, Window, Coach and
white Flint Glasses of all Kinds.
A beautiful Assortment of Paper
Hangings and Writing Paper.

Painters and Limners Colours.
Oils extracted and Chymical
Varnishes of all Sorts.
Gold and Silver Leaf, &c.
Dying Colours in general with a
Variety of Fullers Articles.

Founders and Smelters Articles.
Foyle and Stones, &c. for Jewel-
lers.

Hatter's Trimmings.
London and Hard Metal Pewter.
Brass and Copper Ware.
Carpetting of all Kinds.
China Do.
Spicery Do.

Drugs and Medicines,
With a general Assortment of ge-
nuine patented Medicines, and
Shop Furnitures.
Sold at Wholesale and Retail.

M. PHILIPS,

Has just imported in the Ship New-York, Captain

Lawrence, from London:

A Large Assortment of MILLINARY of
the newest and genteelst Taste; also a great
Variety of new fancied Goods too tedious to men-
tion, at her Store in Smith-Street. 95

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of
DANIEL BONNET, deceased, either by
Bond, Note or Book Debt, are desired to make
Payment on or before the 28th Day of November
next. And all Persons who have any Demands against
said Estate, are likewise desired to bring in their Ac-
counts properly adjusted, to either of the Subscri-
bers.

DANIEL BONNET,
PETER RIKER,
EDWARD LAIGHT } Executors.

October Twenty-eight, 1767.

RED and white PORT, very excellent
in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter-
Casks, to be sold by **CHARLES NICOLL,** at
the White-Hall. 26.

SUPPLEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL, OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1297.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1767.]

The Remainder of the Piece begun in our last Supplement, signed *Pelopidas*.

From the *Boston Gazette and Country Journal*.
Messieurs EDDES and GILL,

Please to insert the following in your Gazette.

A GREEABLE to my intention expressed in my former paper, I now proceed to consider this question, viz. *Whether the late Duties laid by Parliament on Glass, Paper, Painters Oil and Colours, are justly complain'd of as infringing the Rights of the Colonies?* I am sensible that the ground on which I tread is dangerous, and I know very well that many are upon the watch to find something which may be wrested to the most malicious purposes; yet as I think myself capable of defending what I advance, I do not fear to deliver my sentiments. I here willingly waive a general examination of the Right which the Parliament have in any case to legislate for the Americans upon the principles of the British Constitution; and I believe nothing but intolerable severities on the part of the mother country will ever tempt the Americans to carry the consequences fairly deducible from certain maxims of British government to their full length; for it is the misuse of power which leads us to scrutinize the legality of it.—I shall therefore, at present, confine myself, as much as the circumstances of the case will admit of, to the question before me, which I shall handle with the utmost brevity: and I now address myself to those ingenious gentlemen who have, with that supercilious air which is natural to understandings of their inferior class, repeatedly demanded to know, *in what instance we were aggrieved*, and tell us that, *while we are free from internal taxation, our constitution can never be endangered, nor we injured*: and can you really, without blushing, gentlemen, attempt to cheat the people out of their senses by playing with words? Do you suppose that it is of any importance to us, whether we are, without consent, drained of our money by an internal or an external tax? I know not of any magic charm in the term *external tax*, that should make us more content to be ruined by that than by an *internal tax*.—I would ask these gentlemen whether they know why the colonies have in times past more strenuously opposed an internal than an external taxation, if they do not, I shall charitably inform them: an internal taxation has commonly been designed to raise a Revenue, and therefore could not by any means be fixed by the British Parliament upon the Americans without militating with a fundamental principle of British government, viz. *that no man can be taxed without his consent, either by himself in person, or by his representative*; whereas external taxation has been only designed for the regulation of trade, and if at any time an external tax is laid for the purpose of raising a Revenue, it is nothing better than an internal taxation, since in that case it is similar to an internal tax in the essentially exceptionable article; this method of stating the case is conformable to the common sense of mankind; for it would be absurd to say that an internal taxation was unconstitutional, because it deprived us of our property without our consent, and yet to acknowledge an external taxation to be constitutional, which equally with the other infringes our natural right of disposing of our own money; and I have also the happiness to find the great and truly respectable Mr. PITT agreeing with me in this matter, who when the mischievous George G—ville told him that *he could not understand the difference between internal and external taxes, these being the same in effect and only differing in name*, answered, *that there was a plain difference between taxes laid for the purposes of raising a Revenue, and duties imposed for the Regulation of Trade for the accommodation of the subject*; hereby plainly intimating that he looked upon the raising a revenue as a circumstance more important and interesting than any nominal distinctions could be; but the present Duties upon Paper, Glass, Painter's Oil and Colours, are designed to raise a Revenue for the support of certain officers independent of the People who maintain them. The duty is laid by the British Parliament, the members of which pay no part of the duties they impose, who are no way dependent on this people, and on the election of whom they can have no influence; consequently then it was laid without their consent, either by themselves or their representatives, and is therefore repugnant to a fundamental principle of British government; for I take it for granted, that the notion of a virtual representation is now by all judicious men esteemed no better than the *ignis fatuus* of G—ville's bewildered brain: and if such chimerical phantoms are suffered to

lead the British senates, they will inevitably undermine the noble foundation of their happy constitution.—I cannot, at present, conceive why an act passed by the legislatures of America with His Majesty King George at their head, to tax the inhabitants of Great-Britain, would not bind them as much as an act passed by the legislature of G. Britain for taxing America, binds us both would be inconsistent with the natural law of Right, which allows every man to dispose of his own property, and both would be subversive of the British constitution; but I know not that one would be more so than the other; for the American legislatures could undoubtedly resolve that G. Britain was virtually represented in America, with as much ease as the British legislature could resolve that America was represented in the parliament of G. Britain, and the only difference would be, that one country was perhaps more able to support their claim than the other. It was doubtless from considerations like these that Mr. Pitt, the guardian of Britain and preserver of America, was led to declare in the House of Commons, *'I rejoice that America has resisted—Three millions of people so dead to all the feelings of Liberty, as voluntarily to consent to be slaves, would have been fit instruments to make slaves of the Rest.'* But I have said enough to convince such as are desirous of finding the truth; those who think that Right is only founded in strength, must be persuaded by other arguments. I might here proceed to shew how essentially the constitution would be changed by the designed application of part of the Revenue (raised by the above Duties) to the support of Governors, Judges, &c. by pointing out the little necessity the Governors would have to call together the Representatives of the People, and the little importance they would be of when convened: I might also explain the natural tendency which a total dependence on the Crown would have to render the Judges the Executors of every royal instruction, however inconsistent with the Rights of the people; but I shall not insist upon these at present.—As I believe that only a very small proportion of the above Duties will be collected, a legal method of preventing the payment of them, viz. by stopping the importation of foreign manufactures, will be earnestly recommended in my next. **PELOPIDAS.**

To the PRINTER of the PUBLIC LEDGER.

AS your Paper is open to all Letters wrote with candour and truth, be pleased to insert the following sent me from an unhappy sufferer, now under confinement in prison.

THE destructive methods carried on in the Cities of London and Westminster, and in particular in a certain extensive prerogative Court, with the consequent confinement in prison, calls most loudly for redress.

In the first place a man or woman is arrested and dragged away to a Spunging House by the Officer for a debt of forty shillings, nay even for nothing at all, as will appear by the following supposed case. In an open account, subsisting betwixt A. and B. there shall not be more than three or four shillings due to A. plaintiff; yet the said A. shall have a power to arrest the said B. for 20l. or any sum they have had dealing together for, and shall be able to keep him the said B. in custody as long as he pleases, unless an act of Insolvency relieves him; and that if there should appear to be due the small sum abovementioned, on trial, to A. the said B. is cast in costs of suit, which together with other expences incurred by the said B. on his arrest, gaol fees, &c. may be made to mount to eight or nine pounds, not to mention the loss of time, credit, liberty, the distress of his family, &c. and all, perhaps, to serve the turn of some malicious, litigious, or designing persons, to the emolument only of a set of People, whose greatest mercies are acts of cruelty.

To point out the many evils attendant on a long confinement, would swell this letter to a much greater length than might be proper for a News Paper; suffice it then only to say, that by long confinement acquaintance forsake men, friends turn enemies, they loose their art or calling, become heartless, irrefolute, indolent idle, nay ignominious, and lost to the world to such a degree, that they are never able to recover themselves, and not only the man, but his poor family either starves or becomes a burthen upon the public; though had the parent been at liberty, he might have been able to have made his children either useful, ornamental, or both, which now are a nuisance and pest to society, by being brought up as savages.

Numberless are the persons in different parts of

this Kingdom, who, by unforeseen accidents, decay of trade, the present high price of provisions, (dreading the miseries of a gaol) are obliged to fly their native land, to the manifest injury of our Trade and Manufactures, which are every day sinking, and which unless timely prevented, may prove the total ruin of this Kingdom.

Now, Mr. Printer I would beg leave to lay before the Public a proposal which, if attended to, might be of general utility, by putting a stop to the imprisonment of persons for small debts, as well as the great charge of the arrest, and that is by limiting the time of imprisonment, and that in proportion to the sum, viz. say one month for forty shillings, and so in proportion for every other sum, as an abler hand may think proper. This is only meant as the out lines of a plan which is so much wanted. I am certain the time abovementioned will, by every true Briton, be deemed sufficient; and am as certain, that every man who has either honesty or abilities to pay, would readily do it rather than lose his precious liberty for one day, for imprisonment generally speaking, renders the heart obdurate, and often totally lost to every thing just or honourable. Yet at the same time, after the limited confinement before-mentioned, I would have the debtor give up his all on oath; and he who should artfully, or designedly, make away with his Creditor's money, or any person who should aid or assist him knowingly therein, to be punished by such laws as are now in force against frauds. This I am certain would put a stop to the ruin of thousands of both Debtors and Creditors, many of whom are at this time in a starving condition. Your speedy insertion of this will infinitely oblige, Your constant Reader,

A Cobler of Surry.

Just imported from London, in the Ship Edward, Captain Miller, and to be sold very cheap.

By SAMUEL DEALL,

In Broad-Street, opposite the End of Beaver-Street;

FINE HYSON tea, the finest Durham flour of mustard and split peas; finest Scotch barley and oatmeal fresh ground, or whole grists; 4thread superfine black silk and worsted breeches patterns, fine cambricks, and clear lawns, fine book muslin, neat dress'd and undress'd plain, strip'd and flower'd gauzes; neat flower'd gauze handkerchiefs and aprons, green and blue damask gauze handkerchiefs; black and white catgut of all fineness, fine darning thread and best Balladine sewing silks of all colours, Holland and diaper tapes, pins of all sorts; men's best buck, dog wash, tan, and grain lamb gloves; women's grain, kid and lamb gloves and mitts, purple kid ditto; black and white patent silk mitts and gloves; a neat assortment of figured and plain ribbons of the newest patterns, fine and superfine 10-4 counterpanes; an assortment of the best French beads, a few large Ostrich's feathers for ladies riding hats, children's black and colour'd fatten jockey caps and feathers, an assortment of fagg'd trimmings, black and rich scarlet snail for cardinals, and cloaks, black fringe for ditto; a neat assortment of muffs and tippets, and ermin trimmings to match; neat blue and white figur'd sattins for cardinals, plain black, and flower'd ditto; Persians of all colours, black and colour'd flower'd modes, and sarfanets; black and colour'd peeling sattins, plain black modes for linings; yard wide, black and colour'd sarfanets for handkerchiefs, black Barcelona handkerchiefs and cravats, rich plain black lute-string and Mantua silks, men's and women's silk, cotton, thread and worsted hose; children's cotton, thread and worsted ditto; black and colour'd fatten hats, fine and coarse chip hats, a large assortment of black and blond laces, fine Brussels, Meeklin and Minionet ditto; edgings, footings, and purl for lace; men's large double cotton caps, men's and women's gauze, worsted and thread under stockings; men's knit worsted gloves, Harry the 8th best playing cards, and Highlander ditto; neat printed and plain message cards, a neat assortment of eagrets, Italian breast flowers, small bunches of ditto; women's and children's knit, cotton waist-coats, fine 3-4 and yard wide white flannel; a neat assortment of ivory stick and other fans, skeleton wires for hats and caps, bunch ditto; neat tortoise-shell tupee combs, combs, horn ditto, superfine ivory and box combs, and comb brushes, tooth powder and brushes; Hungary and lavender water, Turlington's balsam and eau de luce, lip salve and sticking plaster, scowering drops; hard pomatum and wash balls, best scented and plain hair powder, gentlemen's shaving boxes and brushes, large squares and globe glass lanterns, and neat chamber lamps, &c. &c. 95 94

Just imported in the last Vessels from LONDON,

By Augustus Van Horne,

A Very neat Assortment of European and India Goods suitable for the Season, and to be sold very reasonable for Cash or short Credit, at his Store in Smith-Street; also Scotch Snuff, Spices and Jamaica Spirits. 95 98

TO BE SOLD,

THE House wherein ANDREW ELLIOT, Esq; now lives, if not sold before the first of February, then it will be Let: For Particulars, inquire of 92 NICHOLAS BAYARD.

ISAAC LOW,

Has just imported an assortment of goods suitable to the season; which he will sell on the lowest terms, at his store between Coenties-market and the Exchange;

CONSISTING of broad cloths, blue, red and beaver coatings, best Bath do. broad and narrow mix'd frizes, green, blue and red ratteen, penitons and half thick, flannels, emboss'd serges; best London strouds and auroras, Shrewsbury cottons, felt hats, checks, bed bunts & ticks, men's 4 thread worsted breeches patterns; women's worsted mitts, men's and women's gloves, very handsome sprig'd strip'd & strip'd muslins, marie lles, quilting, clove, cinnamon, mace and nutmegs; best SCOT'S SNUFF by the hoghead, tierce or less quantity; best PISTOL POWDER; a few pipes of Madeira wine, &c. &c.—for which he will take in barter most kinds of country produce, such as flour, pork, flax-seed, bar-iron, pot-ash, beaver, &c. Has also to sell a few packs of best Michillimachinac beaver.

RUN away on Monday the 21st

Infant, from JOHN THOMAS, Esq; of Westchester County, in the Province of New-York, an Indian Slave, named ABRAHAM, he may have changed his Name, about 23 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, yellow Complexion, long black Hair something curl'd; a thick set Fellow, one of his four Teeth in the lower Jaw broke off;—had on when he went away, a white double breasted Vest, made with full'd Homespun Cloth with white Metal Buttons, the over Vest made with yellow brown Homespun Cloth, and Breeches of the same, blue Stockings, Shoes, made with the Grain outward, a new Felt Hat:—Whoever takes up said Fellow, and secures him in any of his Majesty's Gaols, or brings him to his said Master, shall have FIVE POUNDS Reward and all reasonable Charges paid, by me

JOHN THOMAS.

Rye, September 21, 1767.

94 97

ON the 11th Day of May last, a Negro Man named TOM, about five Feet and five Inches high, run away from the Subscriber living on the Mohawke River; he had on when he went away, a red Cloth Jacket without Sleeves, a dark Woollen Check Shirt, Leather Breeches, and a Cap made of a Piece of a Blanket; without Shoes, Stockings or Hat: He can talk but very little English, having lately come into this Country from Guinea; has a Scar under his right Eye, Holes through his Ears, and is without his two foremost under Teeth; walks with his Knees wide apart, and has the Figure of a Deer pricked on his Belly after the Fashion of the Guinea Negroes: Whoever takes him up and secures him in any of his Majesty's Gaols in this Province, and gives Notice to his Master thereof, or brings him to his said Master, shall receive a Reward of THREE POUNDS, and Charges paid by SAMUEL A. BRATT.

Schenectady, September 30, 1767.

TO BE SOLD, by THOMAS DURHAM,

On the most reasonable Terms:

CHOICE Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogheads, and Quarter Casks.

N.B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for a considerable Quantity of said Wine. 30--cxf

New-York, October 19, 1767.

BROKE out of the Work-House last Night, a Negro Man, belonging to Mr. BARD, named SAM, who formerly lived with Mr. BURNS of this City:—Whoever will bring the said Negro to the Printer of this Paper, shall receive TEN DOLLARS Reward.

N.B. All Masters of Vessels and others; are cautioned not to harbour or conceal the said Negro. 94 97

Imported by the last Vessels from London, Bristol, and Liverpool,

By GEORGE BALL,

Next Door to Messrs. Perry, Hayes and Sherbrook's Store in Bayard-Street:

A General assortment of China, glass, stone and Delf ware of all kinds, at the cheapest rates: Pencil'd China, viz. Complete tea-table sets, coffee-pots, quart, pint and half-pint bowls; small and large tea-pots, quart, pint, & half-pint mugs; sugar dishes, cream jugs, tea-pot-stands and spoon boats:—Blue and white China, a variety of bowls, coffee-pots, sugar dishes, tea-pots, cream jugs, tea-pot-stands and spoon boats; large cups and saucers, small do. coffee-cups, large and small tea-pots, odd cups and saucers,—Emboss'd China, a variety of bowls, large and small, large and small tea-cups and saucers; tea-pot-stands, coffee-cups, sugar dishes, odd cups and saucers,—Glass, viz. Cruet stands, from 6 pounds to 9 shillings per stand, decanters from 1 pint to a gallon, new fashion'd flower'd decanters; flower'd, enamel'd shank wine glasses, cut glass salts; mustard pots with ivory spoons, bird glasses, odd cruets for the best and common stands, children's tea-table sets; a great variety of pudding pans, some very neat stone salad bowls and stands; small phials by the groce or dozen gally pots from 4 to half a pound do. from 8 ounces to half an ounce; quart bottles by the groce or dozen, best velvet corks; crates of Bristol and Liverpool yellow ware, grindstones, &c. &c.

N.B. Well assorted for country Stores. 94 97

Just imported and to be sold, by

JOHN HARRIS CRUGER,

ROSE and Indian Blankets; striped, red and blue Duffles, Baze, Kerseys, Frize, green and spotted Rugs, Nails and Shot of every size, short and long Pipes, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Madeira and Teneriffe Wines, &c.

TO BE SOLD, By ROBERT RAY,

FOR cash or short credit, under

prime cost, the remains of his store; consisting of cambric, lawn, worsted damask, white thread; mens and womens gloves, mens silk hose, silken hair buttons, silk ferrets, womens feather and fur muffs; horse whips, brass and iron candlesticks and snuffers, brass and iron door looks, padlocks, cupboard locks; augers of different sizes, cooper's and carpenter's adzes, compasses, dovetail hinges, coat and vest metal buttons, horn do. a variety of sleeve do. box irons, carpenter's, joiner's and shoemaker's hammers, pincers, nippers, awls and tacks; hand-saws, chisels, bellowists, snuff boxes, leather ink horns, snaffle bits, stirrup irons, cork screws, gimblets, combs, palters, shoe and knee buckles, and sundry other articles. — ALSO,

A quantity of choice new mackerel just imported, sugar, Jamaica spirits; West-India and New-York distill'd rum; choice Connecticut pork; and a few dozen best black Barcelona handkerchiefs. 89—

Walter & Thomas Buchanan, & Co.

Have imported in the last Vessels from Britain, and have for Sale at their Store in Queen-Street, nigh the Fly-Market;

MEN'S rib'd and plain thread and worsted hose, Women's thread and worsted hose, Stocking patterns, Women's worsted & silk mitts, Tammies, callimancoes, durants, camblots, cambricks and lawns, Barcelona handkerchiefs, Cravats, do. and sewing silk, Needles, pins and buckram, Oznaburghs, towelling, sheeting, and diaper, White and brown linens

N.B. Have also for sale, a 9 and half inch cable, and 2 haulers of 6 inches each, with other cordage proper for a vessel of about 150 tons. 68—

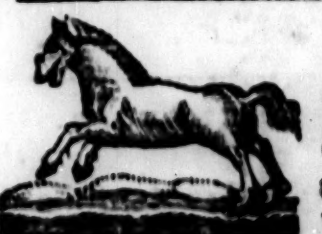
New-York, October 19, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,



A Very fine Farm,

lying on the Norman's-Creek or Kill, in the County of Albany and Colony of New-York, within 9 Miles of the City of Albany; containing about forty Acres of low or interval Land, about 16 or 17 Acres of Fresh Meadow or Mowing Ground, about 22 Acres being a mixture of low and up-Land, with a considerable Quantity of up and Wood Land: There is on it, a good Dwelling House 24 by 35 Feet, a Kitchen 15 by 30 Feet, with a Stone Cellar under the Whole, a Barn, 3 Barracks, a good Orchard, a good Stone Well at the Door. Said Norman's-Creek or Kill running thro' the whole Tract; also, to be sold, with or without said Farm, one 15th Part of a Saw-Mill:—Two Hundred Pounds being paid down, sufficient Security for the Payment of the Remainder will be taken, inquire of JOHN LEGRANGE, living on the Premises. 94 97



TO BE SOLD,

An exceeding good

Saddle HORSE and MARE,

that will be warranted sound:

Inquire at Mr. BURNS's, in

the Broad-Way, in New-York. 94 97

Just imported in the last Vessels from London and to be sold cheap for Cash or short Credit,

By HENRY WHITE,

At his Store-House on Cruger's-Dock; DUFFELS, Indian and Rose Blankets, green and spotted Rugs of different Sizes, Sail-cloth from No. 1 to 8, of the best Quality, Nails of all Sorts and Sizes; Shot and Bar Lead, Pipes, Quart Bottles, Hyson and Bohea Tea, Window Glazs 11 by 9, 10 by 8, 9 by 7, and 6 by 8. Also a Parcel of choice Cape Molasses and Muscovado Sugars.

Ten Dollars Reward,

LOST on Monday last, between the Old-Slip and the Albany-Pier, a small Bundle of Paper Money, about Thirty-one Pounds; among which was two Ten-Pound Bills New-York Currency, one Jersey Six-Pound Bill, one Fifteen Shilling, and one Twelve-Shilling do. the rest unknown.—Whoever has found it, and will bring it to the Printer of this Paper, shall have the above Reward. October 8th, 1767. 92—

Barracks, Perth-Amboy, Oct. 20, 1767.

RUN away from the Subscriber, on Friday the 2d Instant, a white Boy, Apprentice, named WILLIAM WALSH: Had on when he went away, a Flannel Jacket, blue Waistcoat, check'd Shirt, a Pair of Canvas Trowsers, and a plain Hat; has short reddish Hair, freckl'd Face, and pale, is about 17 Years of Age: He is an Irish Boy.—Whoever apprehends said Boy, and brings him to me shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and all reasonable Charges paid by me

JOHN TURNER. 95

APPLICATION having been made to me by a Number of the Proprietors of the Eastern Division of New-Jersey, to summon a Council to meet as soon as conveniently may be, on an especial Occasion: Wednesday the 18th of November next, is appointed for the said Proprietors of the Eastern Division of New-Jersey, to meet in Council at this Place; of which all Persons concerned are desired to take due Notice. JAMES PARKER, President.

Perth-Amboy, October 15, 1767. 94 96

SCOTCH Carpets and carpeting (just imported) of different Sizes, from 5 by 4, to 2 by 2 square Yards, and Coverlids of low Prices, to be sold by

JAMES LAMB,

(Very cheap for Cash, only) on Rotten-Row, near Mr. SAMUEL LOUDON'S.

Also, Liquors of different Sorts, and most Kinds of Grocery by retail.

Just opening for Sale, at Smith Ramadges store in Queen-Street, lately held by Mr. Samuel Bayard, jun.

A Large assortment of India and

English silks, viz. china, taffeties of various colours, India flower'd peelongs, broad and narrow Perians, hand-dano handkerchiefs; English taffeties, figur'd modes, Barcelona cravats, fine copper-plate handkerchiefs, and a large quantity of Scotch ditto; mens plain and rib'd worsted hose; and a large assortment of cotton checks and Irish linens, calicoes, jeans, figur'd Swiss lawns, Scotch ditto, minion, clear packet lawns and cambricks; and a few chests of choice bohea tea.

Lately imported and to be sold, By Edward Laight,

Living in St. Georges-Square, opposite the Honourable William Walton's, Esq;

A Large and general assortment

of Ironmongery and Cutlery,—such as mill-pit and cross cut saws, White's best hand tenon and fast do. locks and hinges of all sorts; long and short handle frying-pans, spades and steel shovels, sheet and bar lead; anvils and vices, bellows pipes, bellows nails and leather for do. English, Holland and American iron pots and kettles; 8 by 6, 9 by 7, 12 by 10, best crown window glass, 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. 24d. nails; with a great number of other different articles of hard ware.

Said Laight still continues to keep all the necessary articles belonging to the currying business, and half tann'd leather, for the use of vessels. 95—

TO BE SOLD,

The new BRIGANTINE CHARMING SALLY,

BETWEEN 80 and 90 Tons burthen, built at Providence in Rhode-Island, is exceedingly well found; will be sold either for Cash, West-India Goods, Flour, Pig or Bar Iron, or on Credit, with good Security: For further Particulars inquire of Mr. Jonathan Holmes, or of Amos Atwell, on board said Brig, at Albany-Pier. New-York, Octo. 29, 1767.

To the PUBLICK, PETER VIANEY,

Music, Fencing, and Dancing-Master; WHO keeps a private and public school opposite to the Hon. John Watts's, at Mrs. Hayes's, near the exchange, having heard that a report has been spread, that he asks two guineas a quarter, and two guineas entrance, for teaching young ladies and gentlemen to dance, finds it necessary to contradict publicly a report certainly published to prevent him from getting scholars.—His demand was no more than one guinea a quarter and a guinea entrance, however at the desire of some gentlemen and ladies, he will for the future teach at a pistol a quarter, and a pistol entrance, and will wait on any ladies or gentlemen that chuse to be taught, at their own houses.—He will teach French country dances, either at home or abroad.

THE Debtors to the Estate of the late BENJAMIN NICOLL, Esq; deceased, having paid no regard to the former Advertisements, are again called upon to pay their Debts to the Subscriber; the Circumstances of the Family making it absolutely necessary, or they may depend on being sued without Distinction further Notice. (89 99) JAMES DUANE

Caspar Wistar,

Has for Sale at his Stills near the Ship-Yards, and next Door below Mr. James Debroffes;

A Large Quantity of old New-York Rum, which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms:—Inquire of said WISTAR, or JOHN THOMAS, and SAMUEL FRANKLIN.

New-York, October 12, 1767. 93

TO BE SOLD,

By THOMAS DOUGHTY,

IN DOCK-STREET:

CHOICE old Madeira Wine, Lisbon, Red Port, Teneriffe Wines by the Pipe, Quarter Cask, or Five Gallons; also Jamaica Spirits, West-India Rum, Holland Geneva, Bohea, Shouhong and Hyson Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Lumps, single, middling and double refined Loaf Sugar; Muscovado Sugars, Raisins, Currants, Citron, Sweet Oil, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Pepper, French Indigo, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, with sundry other Articles of Grocery. — 84

BY Order of the Honourable Da-

niel Horsmanden, Esq; Chief Justice of the Province of New-York: Notice is hereby given, That on Application made to him by William Klum, one of the Creditors of Godfrey Hendricks, late of the County of Albany, Merchant; he has in pursuance of an Act of the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of the Province of New-York, entitled, "An Act to prevent Frauds in Debtors," directed all the Estate of the said Godfrey Hendricks, real and personal, to be seized: And that unless he does return, and discharge his Debts, within three Months next after this public Notice given. All his Estate real and personal, that shall be seized and taken, will be sold for the Satisfaction of his Creditors. Dated this Seventeenth Day of August, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty-Seven 85 86